

Brian Dunham

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WHO IS SWISSPORT FUEL SERVICES, LLC

Swissport Fueling Inc. manages and operates for Arizona Fueling Facilities Corporation an intrastate steel 10" Hazardous liquid buried pipeline used to transport Jet-A turbine fuel for use at Sky Harbor International Airport. The pipeline route is from the AFFC Remote Fuel Storage Facility located at 250 North 55th Avenue, Phoenix, Arizona to 4200 East Air Lane, Phoenix, Arizona and generally within the Union Pacific Railroad right-of-way. The pipeline is used daily. Normal pressure of the pipeline during operations should be regarded as "high pressure.

HOW WOULD YOU RECOGNIZE A PIPELINE LEAK?

- **Sight:** Oily or rainbow sheen on water surface, water bubbling or being blown into the air, a pool of liquid on the ground, dead or discolored vegetation amongst healthy plants, and flames near a pipeline.
- **Sound:** Hissing or gurgling sound near a pipeline.
- Smell: A petroleum odor.

WHAT TO DO IN THE EVENT A LEAK WERE TO OCCUR:

- **Turn off** all equipment and eliminate any ignition sources without risking injury.
- Leave the area by foot immediately. Try to direct any other bystanders to leave the area. Attempt to stay upwind.
- From a safe location, notify Swissport Fuel Services immediately and call 911 or your local emergency response number. Swissport Fuel Services and the 911 operator will need your name, your phone number, a brief description of the incident, and the location so the proper response can be initiated.

WHAT NOT TO DO IN THE EVENT A LEAK WERE TO OCCUR:

- DO NOT cause any open flame or other potential source of ignition such as an electrical switch, vehicle ignition, light a match, etc. Do not start motor vehicles or electrical equipment. Do not ring doorbells to notify others of the leak. Knock with your hand to avoid potential sparks from electric doorbells.
- **DO NOT** come into direct contact with any escaping liquids or vapors.
- **DO NOT** drive into a leak or vapor cloud while leaving the area.
- DO NOT attempt to operate any pipeline valves yourself. You may inadvertently route more product to the leak or cause a secondary incident.
- **DO NOT** attempt to extinguish a petroleum product fire. Wait for local firemen and other professionals trained to deal with such emergencies.

PIPELINE SAFETY

System failures occur infrequently along the nation's network of interstate natural gas pipeline facilities, and many of these are caused by damage from others digging near the pipeline. We watch for unauthorized digging, but we request your help to notify us.

ALWAYS CALL 811 BEFORE YOU DIG!



EMERGENCY CONTACT: 602-723-0608 or 602-723-2078

PRODUCTS/ DOT GUIDEBOOK ID#/ GUIDE#: Jet Fuel 1863 128

ARIZONA COUNTIES OF OPERATION:

Maricopa

Changes may occur. Contact the operator to discuss their pipeline systems and areas of operation.

PIPELINE LOCATION AND MARKERS

Pipeline markers are used to indicate the approximate location of a natural gas or liquid petroleum pipeline and to provide contact information. Aerial patrol planes also use the markers to identify the pipeline route. Markers should never be removed or relocated by anyone other than a pipeline operator.

You can also find out where other companies' pipelines are in your area by going to the National Pipeline Mapping System website at www.npms.phmsa.dot.gov.

EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLANS

An Emergency Response Plan is developed for each pipeline facility to contain, control and mitigate the various types of emergency conditions/ situations that could occur at one of our facilities. For more information regarding Swissport Fuel Services emergency response plans and procedures, contact us directly.

PRODUCTS TRANSPORTED IN YOUR AREA

PRODUCT		LEAK TYPE	VAPORS
HAZARDOUS LIQUIDS [SUCH AS: CRUDE OIL, JET FUEL AND OTHER REFINED PRODUCTS]		Liquid	Initially heavier than air and spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Explosion hazards indoors, outdoors or in sewers.
HEALTH HAZARDS	Inhalation or contact with material may irritate or burn skin and eyes. Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases. Vapors may cause dizziness or suffocation. Runoff from fire control or dilution water may cause pollution.		